

# Best Practice Specification

## PHOTOLUMINESCENT DISASTER PREPAREDNESS SIGNS

### Part 1 DESCRIPTION

#### 1.01 System Description

Approved photoluminescent disaster preparedness signs shall communicate disaster preparedness information and shall be readily visible in all conditions of foreseeable use, including emergency conditions and darkness.

#### 1.02 Photoluminescent Disaster Preparedness Signs

Photoluminescent disaster preparedness signs shall be provided to provide information relating to disaster mitigation, hazards and general direction of evacuation.

#### 1.03 Approved Photoluminescent Disaster Preparedness Signs

Approved photoluminescent disaster preparedness signs shall:

- a) Exceed PSPA class G classification and have independent luminance testing to support the minimum luminance levels detailed in following clause 2.04(h); **and**
- b) Be produced using a High Temperature Curing (HTC) manufacturing process and independently tested to support the criteria detailed in following clause 2.04j.; **and**
- c) Be coated with a clear protective powder coating; **and**
- d) Be produced by a manufacturer with ISO 9001 Quality Assurance certification; **and**
- e) Be warranted to last a minimum of 15 years outdoors.

#### 1.04 Submittals

Documentation as detailed in 1.04a. through 1.04c. must be submitted.

##### a. Manufacturer's Product Data Sheets

Submit Product Data Sheets for product number verification.

##### b. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions

Submit installation instructions.

##### c. Test Reports

Submit independent test reports to verify compliance with relevant standards as detailed in Section 2.04 Performance Criteria.

#### 1.05 Quality Assurance

Submit copy of Manufacturer's ISO 9001 Quality Assurance documentation.

#### 1.06 Warranty

Submit warranty for luminance characteristics for a minimum 15 years of outdoor use.

### Part 2 MATERIALS REQUIREMENTS

#### 2.01 Photoluminescent disaster preparedness signs

##### a. Acceptable Manufacturer

The manufacturer of the products shall have at least 20 years experience manufacturing photoluminescent materials.

### **b. Authorised Representative**

The manufacturer shall have a suitably trained and accredited regional representative.

## **2.02 Materials Composition**

### **a. Photoluminescent Disaster Preparedness Signs**

Photoluminescent pigment embedded in thermoset polyester manufactured using a High Temperature Curing (HTC) process at a temperature exceeding 160°C to integrally bond the active ingredients to 5005 0.9mm aluminium sheet.

## **2.03 Approved Disaster Preparedness Signs**

Disaster preparedness signs for communicating disaster preparedness information shall consist of materials and be manufactured using processes as defined in section 2.02.

## **2.04 Performance Criteria**

All HTC products to meet or exceed the performance criteria specified in the following tests or standards. PC = Performance Criteria.

### **a. UV Resistance**

ASTM G155-04 Cycle 1 1000hrs, Standard Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Non-metallic Materials.

PC – Loss in luminance after exposure < 10%

### **b. Salt Spray Resistance**

ASTM B117-97 1000hrs, Standard Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus.

PC – Slight corrosion build up along scribes, no blistering or filiform growth along scribes.

### **c. Washability**

ASTM D4828-94(2003), Standard Test Methods for Practical Washability of Organic Coatings.

PC – crayon, pen, 3M soil: all rating 10, being complete removal of soilant.

### **d. Rate of Burning**

ASTM D635-03, Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position.

PC – Time of burn 0 seconds, does not burn.

### **e. Surface Flammability**

ASTM E162-02, Standard Test Method for Surface Flammability of Materials Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source.

PC – Flame spread index 7.6, ignites with difficulty.

### **f. Toxicity**

Bombardier Toxic Gas Generation Test SMP800-C.

PC - Pass

### **g. Radioactivity**

ASTM D3648-2004, Standard Practices for the Measurement of Radioactivity.  
PC – Pass

### **h. Luminance**

Independent luminance testing shall be undertaken as follows:

Excitation Condition (charging) – 20W Fluorescent lamp, 5000 lux for 60 minutes.

PC – Minimum luminance of:

4,900 mcd/m<sup>2</sup> after 2 minutes; **and**

950 mcd/m<sup>2</sup> after 10 minutes; **and**

250 mcd/m<sup>2</sup> after 30 minutes; **and**

120 mcd/m<sup>2</sup> after 60 minutes; **and**

10 mcd/m<sup>2</sup> after 480 minutes.

### **i. High Temperature Curing**

Independently tested by placing 3 samples in an oven at 180°C for 20 minutes and then examining the samples after removing from the oven.

PC – the samples shall have no shrinkage, delamination, distortion, or yellowing.

## **Part 3 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

### **3.01 Manufacturer's Instructions**

Comply with manufacturer's product data, installation instructions and maintenance and cleaning instructions.

### **3.02 Examination**

Site verification of conditions is required to verify installation surface and appropriate installation method.

### **3.03 Installation**

Installation must be as per manufacturer's installation instructions.

### **3.05 Cleaning**

Maintenance and cleaning should be carried out as per manufacturer's maintenance and cleaning instructions.

## **Part 4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

### **4.01 Accepted Quantity of Signs**

Photoluminescent disaster preparedness signs shall be measured by the unit to determine the accepted quantity.

### **4.02 Accepted Quantity of Brackets**

Brackets shall be measured by the unit to determine the accepted quantity.

## **Part 5 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

## **5.01 Contract Unit Price**

The accepted quantities, as determined in Part 4 Method of Measurement, shall be paid at the contract unit prices.